RAINIER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF RAINIER, OREGON

(A Component Unit of the City of Rainier)

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

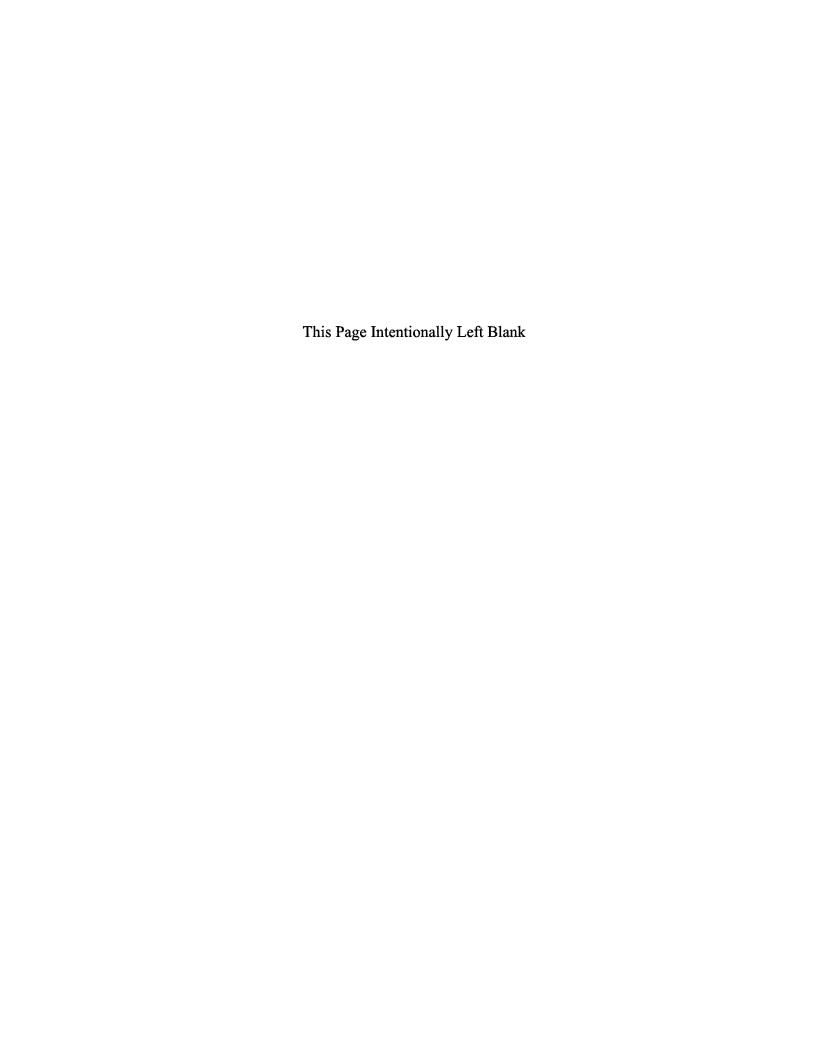


12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

GOVERNING BODY UNDER ORS 457

COUNCIL MEMBERS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018	TERM EXPIRES
Sloan Nelson, President	December 31, 2018
Jim Bradfield, Vice President	December 31, 2018
Steve Massey, Treasurer	December 31, 2020
Robert DuPlessis, Secretary	December 31, 2018
Mike Kreger	December 31, 2020
Jenna Weaver	December 31, 2020

Council Members receive mail at the address listed below.

COUNCIL ADDRESS

Debra Dudley, City Administrator/Finance Director/Recorder
P.O. BOX 100
RAINIER, OR 97048



COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

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PAULY, ROGERS, AND CO., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX

January 21, 2019

To the Board of Directors Rainier Economic Development Council Rainier, Oregon

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

We have reviewed the accompanying modified cash basis basic financial statements of Rainier Economic Development Council (the Council), a component unit of the City of Rainier, which comprise the statement of financial position - modified cash basis as of June 30, 2018 and the statement of activities - modified cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the basic financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the basic financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Basic Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the basic financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to error or fraud.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the basic financial statements for them to be in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modification that should be made to the accompanying modified cash basis basic financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the basic financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The basic financial statements are prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our conclusion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Supplementary Information

Our review was made for the purpose of expressing a conclusion that there are no material modifications that should be made to the basic financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1. This supplementary information is the representation of management. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the inquiry and analytical procedures applied in the review of the basic financial statements, and we did not become aware of any material modifications that should be made to such information.

The Management Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to any auditing or review procedures, and accordingly, we express no opinion or any assurance on the information.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Oregon Minimum Standards, a letter was issued by the Council regarding compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. We did not audit or review the report or its conclusions and we therefore do not express an opinion or any assurance on the information.

ROY R. ROGERS, CPA

Roy R Rogers

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

RAINIER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT REDCO RAINIER, OREGON MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the Rainier Economic Development (REDCO's) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the REDCO's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the REDCO's financial statements and notes, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• REDCO's total net position was \$980,619 at June 30, 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management has determined that the modified cash basis of accounting is appropriate for REDCO due to its lack of complexity and the necessity to account for, and plan for, the cash needed to operate REDCO.

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of REDCO:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide information about REDCO's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of REDCO, reporting the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-wide Statements

REDCO only provides "governmental activities" as defined in GASB 34, and has no substantial business-type activities. REDCO has only two funds, and each are considered to be major funds under the provisions of GASB 34.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about REDCO's most significant funds – not REDCO as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that REDCO uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

REDCO's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1)how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the REDCO's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus on the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE REDCO AS A WHOLE GOVERNMENT-WIDE CASH BALANCES

	2017			2018	% Change	
ASSETS:						
Cash and Investments	\$	890,595	\$	980,619	10%	
Taxes Receivable		19,178		23,001	20%	
Total Assets		909,773		1,003,620	10%	
LIABILITIES						
Deferred Tax Revenues		19,178		23,001	20%	
Total Liabilities		19,178		23,001	20%	
NET POSITION						
Restricted for Debt Service		138,734		145,572	5%	
Unrestricted		751,861		835,047	11%	
Total Net Position	\$	890,595	¢	980,619	10%	
FOCALITECT OSIGOTI		0,0,000		200,012	, 1070	

CHANGES IN CASH-BASIS NET POSITION

		2017	2018	% Change
REVENUES:				
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes		277,970	281,838	1%
Miscellaneous		877	-	-100%
IGA/City		-	150,000	100%
Interest		9,626	 14,118	47%
Total Revenues		288,473	 445,956	55%
EXPENSES:				
Materials, Supplies & Projects		15,683	12,087	-23%
Debt Service		275,000	275,000	
Capital Projects		13,877	 68,845	•
Total Expenses		304,560	 355,932	17%
Change in Net Position		(16,087)	90,024	460%
Beginning Net Position		906,682	 890,595	-2%
Fuding Nat Dealing	.	900 505	090 610	100/
Ending Net Position	<u> </u>	890,595	 980,619	10%

REDCO's main sources of revenue is property taxes. REDCO's main disbursements are debt service, capital prijects and REDCO operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE REDCO'S FUNDS

Governmental fund balances totaled \$980,619 at June 30, 2018. A summary of changes in governmental fund balances follows:

	Jun	e 30, 2017	Jun	e 30, 2018	Change
General Fund	\$	751,861	\$	835,047	\$ 83,186
Debt Service Fund		138,734		145,572	6,838
Total	\$	890,595	\$	980,619	\$ 90,024

CAPITAL ASSETS

REDCO does not maintain any capital assets on its books. Capital assets are the property of the City of Rainier when projects are completed.

LONG TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2018, REDCO had \$2,666,010 in outstanding debt payable. More detailed information about REDCO's long term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

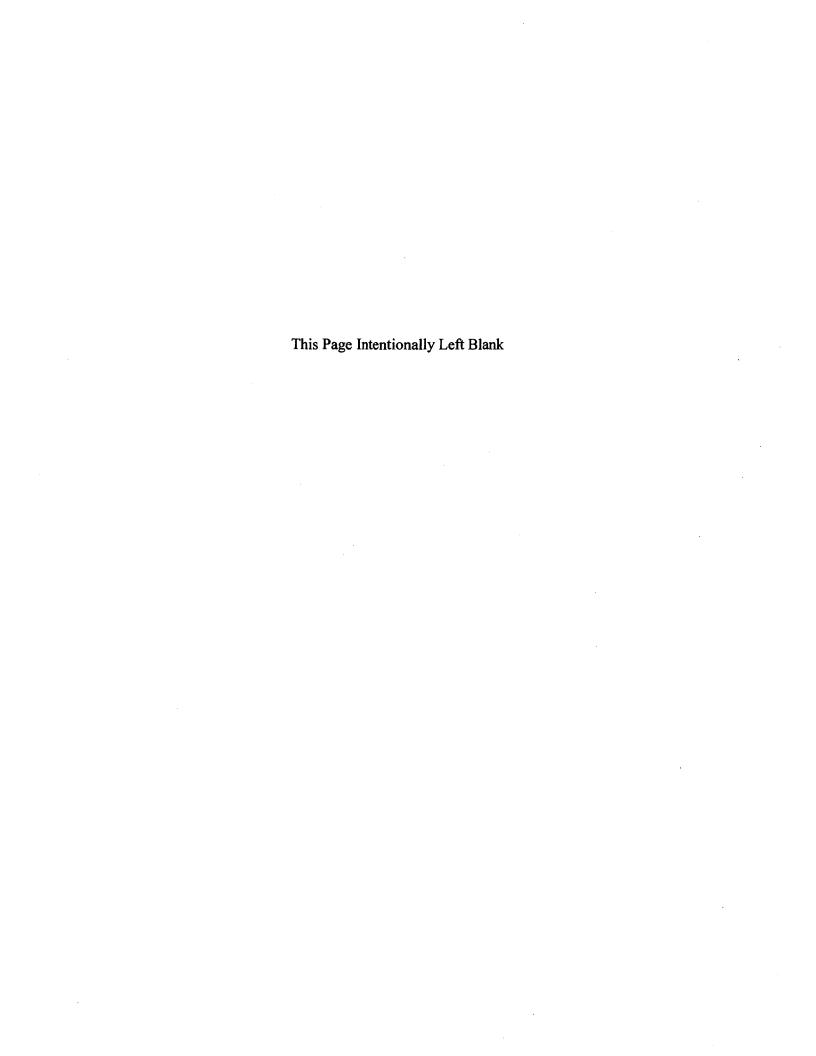
CONTACTING THE REDCO'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, ratepayers, investors and creditors with an overview of REDCO's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any clarification of information please contact Debra Dudley, Staff Administrator at the Rainier Economic Development Council (REDCO). Our Address is: PO Box 100, Rainier, Oregon, 97048.



COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) June 30, 2018

ASSETS: Cash and Investments Taxes receivable	\$ 980,619 23,001
Total Assets	1,003,620
LIABILITIES: Unearned Tax Revenue	23,001
Total Liabilities	23,001
NET POSITION: Restricted Unrestricted	145,572 835,047
Total Net Position	\$ 980,619

Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

]	PROGRA	AM RECEIP	TS		NET.
FUNCTIONS	DISBURSEMENTS		CHARGES FOR S SERVICES C		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		RECI CHAN	NET URSEMENTS) EIPTS AND GES IN NET DSITION
Materials and Services Capital Projects Debt Service	\$	12,087 68,845 275,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(12,087) (68,845) (275,000)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	355,932	\$	-	\$	_	With	(355,932)
	Gen	eral Receipts:						
		Taxes						281,838
		Intergovernme	-					150,000
Income Not Restricted to Specific Programs: Interest and Investment Earnings								14,118
	Tota	al General Reco	eipts					445,956
	Cha	nges in Net Po	sition					90,024
Net Position - Beginning						V	890,595	
	Net	Position - End	ing				\$	980,619

BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2018

	_GO	VERNMENT	_		
ACCETC.	G	ENERAL FUND	 DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS:					
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable	\$	835,047	\$ 145,572 23,001	\$	980,619 23,001
Total Assets	\$	835,047	\$ 168,573	\$	1,003,620
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
Liabilities:					
Unearned Tax Revenue	\$	-	\$ 23,001	\$	23,001
Total Liabilities	***************************************	-	 23,001		23,001
Fund Balances: Restricted for Future Debt Service Payments Unassigned		835,047	 145,572		145,572 835,047
Total Liabilties and Fund Balances	\$	835,047	\$ 168,573	\$	1,003,620

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	GENERAL FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
RECEIPTS:			
County Taxes	\$ -	\$ 281,838	\$ 281,838
Intergovernmental - City of Rainier	150,000	-	150,000
Interest	14,118	-	14,118
Other Income	<u></u>		
Total Receipts	164,118	281,838	445,956
DISBURSEMENTS:			
Material and Services	12,087	-	12,087
Capital Outlay	68,845	_	68,845
Debt Service	-	275,000	275,000
Total Disbursements	80,932	275,000	355,932
Net Change in Fund Balance	83,186	6,838	90,024
Beginning Fund Balance	751,861	138,734	890,595
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 835,047	\$ 145,572	\$ 980,619

RAINER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL COLUMBIA, OREGON

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

On April 19, 1993, the City of Rainier's City Council adopted ordinance No. 944 establishing the Rainier Economic Development Council – Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Rainier, Oregon (REDCO). Provisions of ordinance No. 944 require the Mayor, subject to approval of the City Council, to appoint seven people to the governing board of REDCO. The seven people serve at the pleasure of the City Council and may be removed at any time by a majority vote of the City Council. REDCO was formed as a municipal corporation pursuant to ORS 457 to have urban renewal authority under Oregon law. The Council is planning the economic development program that focuses on the Rainier Waterfront.

REDCO is a component unit of the City of Rainier because the Rainier City Council exercises oversight authority as demonstrated by the designation of Council Members and economic dependency. Generally accepted accounting principles require that these basic financial statements present the Council and all component units, if any. Component units, as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, are separate organizations that are included in the Council's reporting because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the Council. All significant activities and organizations with which the Council exercises oversight responsibility have been considered for inclusion in the basic financial statements. There are no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

The government-wide basic financial statements report information irrespective of fund activity, and the fund financial statements report information using funds. In total, the results presented using both of these methods are the same due to the use of the modified cash basis of accounting. Accordingly, there is no need for reconciling statements, except that any interfund transfers between the General and Debt Service funds are eliminated in the government wide statement of cash receipts and disbursements activities.

General receipts are property and related taxes and interest. All disbursements are categorized as program disbursements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds—according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Financial operations are accounted for in the following governmental funds:

GENERAL FUND

This fund accounts for the general operations. It is used to account for all transactions not specifically related to other funds. Disbursements are made to finance planning and economic development.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund is primarily reserved for the payment of debt. Its primary source of revenue is Urban Renewal Tax collection and transfers from the General Fund.

Each of the two funds is considered a "major fund" in accordance with GASB 34.

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The governmental funds are maintained using the modified cash basis of accounting whereby receipts are recognized when collected rather than when measurable and available, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred. For disclosure purposes only, taxes receivable and an offset to unearned tax revenue are disclosed on the Statement of Net Position. Governmental funds include the general fund and debt service fund. Governmental funds are accounted for on a spending measurement focus. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (receipts and other financing sources) and decreases (disbursements and other financing uses) in cash.

The above basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, which requires the modified accrual basis for governmental fund types and accrual for government-wide statements.

D. BUDGETS

A budget is prepared for each governmental fund type in accordance with the cash basis of accounting and legal requirements set forth in the Oregon Local Budget Law. The budget process begins early in each fiscal year with the establishment of the budget committee. Recommendations are developed through late winter with the budget committee approving the budget in early spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in early spring with a public hearing being held approximately three weeks later. The Council may amend the budget prior to adoption. However, budgeted expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than ten percent. The budget is then adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy declared no later than June 30.

The expenditure budgets are appropriated at the following levels:

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

LEVEL OF CONTROL
Materials and Services
Debt Service
Capital Outlay
Operating Contingency
Transfers

Expenditures cannot legally exceed the above appropriation levels except in the case of grants which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Management may amend line items in the budget without Council approval as long as appropriation levels (the legal level of control) are not changed. Supplemental appropriations may occur if the Council approves them due to a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements reflect the original budget amounts.

Expenditures in all funds were within authorized appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2018.

E. FUND BALANCE

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions, is followed. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Nonspendable represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items, if they exist.

<u>Restricted</u> represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).

<u>Committed</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.

<u>Assigned</u> represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. The authority to classify portions of ending fund balance as Assigned is granted to the City Manager and Mayor.

<u>Unassigned</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

There were no nonspendable, committed or assigned fund balances at year end.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

F. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Operating interfund transactions are reported as transfers. Interfund transactions are eliminated in the government wide basic financial statements.

G. PROPERTY TAXES

Ad valorem property taxes are levied and become a lien on all taxable property as of July 1. Property taxes are levied on November 15. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Uncollected taxes are deemed by management to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens so there is no allowance for uncollectible amounts.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are owned and maintained by the City of Rainier and accordingly, are not included in the basic financial statements.

I. ESTIMATES

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of receipts and disbursements during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. NET POSITION

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operations, nonoperating receipts and disbursements. Net position is classified in the following three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Since capital assets are not shown in the statement of net position there is no investment in capital assets recorded.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – consists of all other assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

K. FAIR VALUE INPUTS AND METHODOLOGIES AND HEIRARCHY

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

<u>Level 2</u> – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market–corroborated inputs)

<u>Level 3</u> – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The total bank balance per the bank statements is \$156,948. The entire amount of these deposits is covered by federal deposit insurance. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury. At June 30, 2018 all depository accounts were held at approved depositories identified by the Treasury.

INVESTMENTS

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund's compliance with all portfolio guidelines can be found in their annual report when issued. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. The audited financial reports of the Oregon Short Term Fund can be found here:

http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-(OSTF).aspx

If the link has expired please contact the Oregon Short Term Fund directly.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments at June 30, 2018 (recorded at fair value) consisted of:

	 2018
Deposits With Financial Institutions:	
Demand Deposits	\$ 138,102
State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government	
Investment Pool	 842,517
	\$ 980,619

There are the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (in months)					
Investment Type	Fa	air Value	Le	ess than 3	3	-18	18-59	
State Treasurer's Investment Pool		842,517	\$	842,517	_\$_	-		
Total	\$	842,517	\$	842,517	\$	_		-

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, unless the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. There are no investments that have a maturity date beyond three months.

Credit Risk – Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes do not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Investment Pool is not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Investments

At June 30, 2018, 100% of total investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in the Local Government Investment Pool. Oregon Revised Statutes require no more than 25 percent of the moneys of local government to be invested in bankers' acceptances of any qualified financial institution. At June 30, 2018, investments appear to be in compliance with all percentage restrictions.

3. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Council is covered by the City of Rainier's commercial insurance to minimize its exposure to these risks. Settled claims for the last three fiscal years have not exceeded this commercial coverage.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. OPERATIONS

During 2017-18 the operations were handled by council members and consultants. Council members are responsible for adopting the budget and performing management functions. Consultants provide services necessary for implementing the improvements authorized by management.

5. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon voters imposed a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and nonschool government operations. The limitation provides that property taxes for nonschool operations are limited to \$10 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt.

The State voters further reduced property taxes by replacing the previous constitutional limits on tax bases with a rate and value limit in 1997. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The State Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

A promissory note was entered into during 1999-2000 for a principal amount not to exceed \$3,410,000. The payments are due on December 1 and June 1 beginning December 1, 2006. The note payable below is a loan from the United States Gypsum Company (USGC). The applicable interest rate on the loan is 6% per annum.

During the FY 2008-09, litigation was entered into against the USGC regarding the interpretation of the note's payment terms. A settlement of \$4,750,000 was reached in FY 2011-12 with an immediate payment of \$1,000,000 and the below updated payment schedule. Since the council uses the modified cash basis of accounting debt is not shown on the basic financial statements.

Total long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	BALANCE			BALANCE	DUE WITHIN
	July 1, 2017	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	June 30, 2018	ONE YEAR
Notes Payable	\$ 2,855,349	\$ -	\$ 189,339	\$ 2,666,010	\$ 195,020
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 2,855,349	\$ -	\$ 189,339	\$ 2,666,010	\$ 195,020

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

PAYMENTS DUE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL		
2019	\$ 195,020	\$ 79,980	\$ 275,000		
2020	200,870	74,130	275,000		
2021	206,896	68,104	275,000		
2022	213,103	61,897	275,000		
2023	219,496	55,504	275,000		
2024-2028	1,200,296	174,704	1,375,000		
2029-2030	430,329	17,957	448,286		
	\$ 2,666,010	\$ 532,276	\$ 3,198,286		

7. PAYROLL

There are no employees. Services are performed by contracted labor through consultants.

8. TAX ABATEMENTS

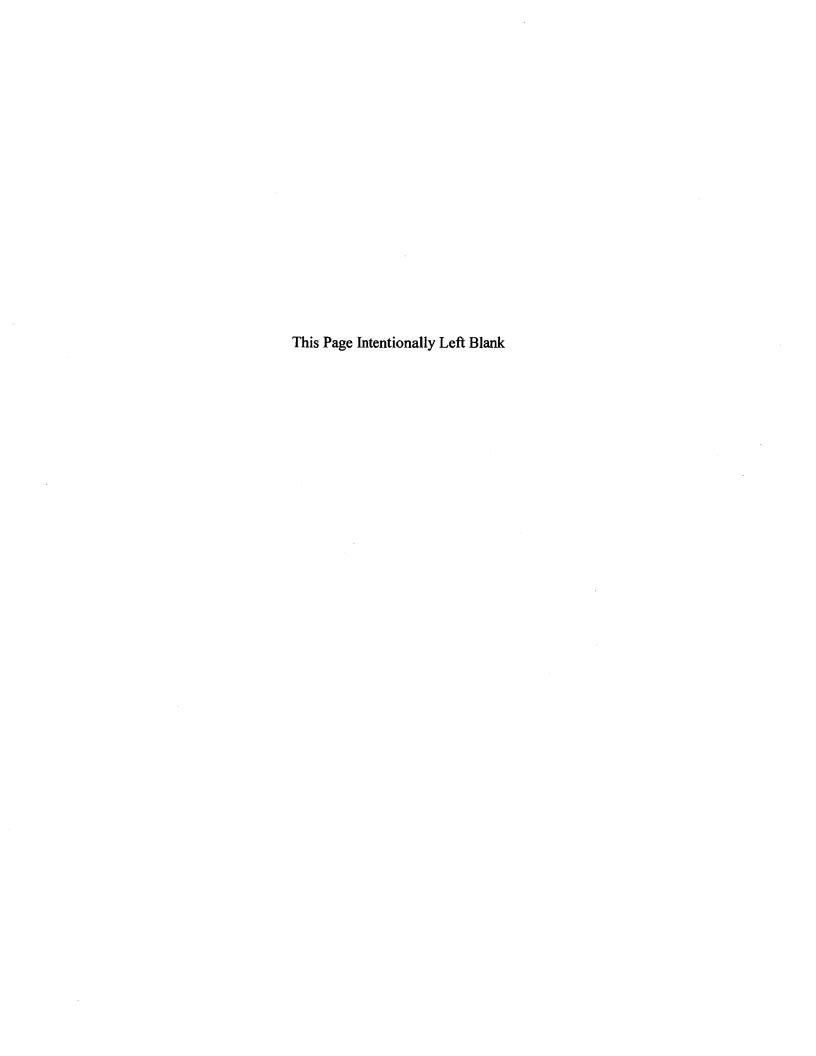
As of June 30, 2018, the Rainier Economic Development Council had tax abatements through one state wide program: Enterprise Zone.

Enterprise Zone (ORS 285C.175):

The Oregon Enterprise Zone program is a State of Oregon economic development program established, that allows for property tax exemptions for up to five years. In exchange for receiving property tax exemption, participating firms are required to meet the program requirements set by state statute and the local sponsor.

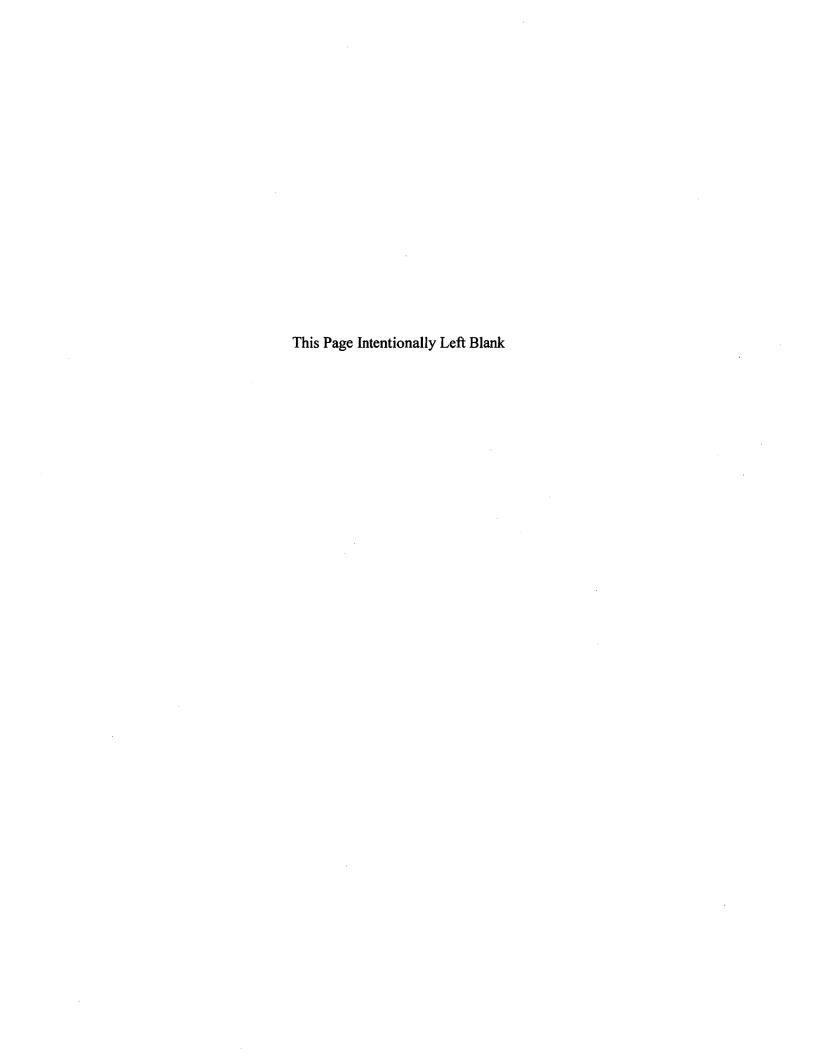
The Enterprise Zone program allows industrial firms that will be making a substantial new capital investment a waiver of 100% of the amount of real property taxes attributable to the new investment for a 5-year period after completion. Land or existing machinery or equipment is not tax exempt; therefore, there is no loss of current property tax levies to local taxing jurisdiction.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Rainier Economic Development Council had abated property taxes totaling \$19,387 under this program.



COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

Individual Funds and Other Schedules



SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES GENERAL FUND -ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

GENERAL FUND

	GENERAL FU	<u>JND</u>			
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
RECEIPTS					
Intergovernmental - City of Rainier Interest	\$ 75,000 4,620	\$ 75,000 \$ 4,620	150,000 14,118	\$ 75,000 9,498	
Total Receipts	79,620	79,620	164,118	84,498	
DISBURSEMENTS					
Materials and Services	16,200	16,200 (1)	12,087	4,113	
Capital Outlay	862,631	862,631 (1)	68,845	793,786	
Contingency	5,000	5,000 (1)		5,000	
Total Disbursements	883,831	883,831	80,932	802,899	
Excess of Receipts Over, (Under) Expenditures	(804,211)	(804,211)	83,186	887,397	
Other Financing Sources, (Uses)					
Transfers Out	75,000	75,000 (1)	-	75,000	
Total Other Financing Sources	75,000	75,000	_	75,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(729,211)	(729,211)	83,186	812,397	
Beginning Fund Balance	879,211	879,211	751,861	(127,350)	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000 \$	835,047	\$ 685,047	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES -ACTUAL AND BUDGET-

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

DEBT SERVICE FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
RECEIPTS:					
County Taxes	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 281,838	\$ 6,838	
Total Receipts	275,000	275,000	281,838	6,838	
DISBURSEMENTS					
Debt Service	275,000	275,000	(1) 275,000	-	
Contingency	75,000	75,000	(1)	75,000	
Total Disbursements	350,000	350,000	275,000	75,000	
Other Financing Sources, (Uses)					
Transfers In	75,000	75,000		(75,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses	75,000	75,000	_	(75,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	6,838	6,838	
Beginning Fund Balance	_		138,734	138,734	
Ending Fund Balance	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 145,572	\$ 145,572	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

TAX YEAR	LI B	RIGINAL EVY OR ALANCE OLLECTED 7/1/17	DEDUCT DISCOUNTS	ADJUSTMENTS TO ROLLS	ADD TEREST	ВУ	CASH LLECTIONS COUNTY EASURER	UNCC	BALANCE DLLECTED OR EGREGATED 6/30/18
DEBT SERVICE	FUND								
CURRENT: 2017-18	\$	287,706	7,614	(712)	\$ 90	\$	270,190	\$	9,280
PRIOR YEARS:									
2016-17		9,348	(13)	(156)	258		4,683		4,780
2015-16		4,605	-	256	256		2,203		2,914
2014-15		2,736	-	593	342		1,947		1,724
2013-14		867	-	588	131		637		949
2012-13		390	-	592	31		109		904
Prior		1,232		1,475	 159		416		2,450
TOTAL	\$	306,884	\$ 7,601	\$ 2,636	\$ 1,267	\$	280,185	\$	23,001

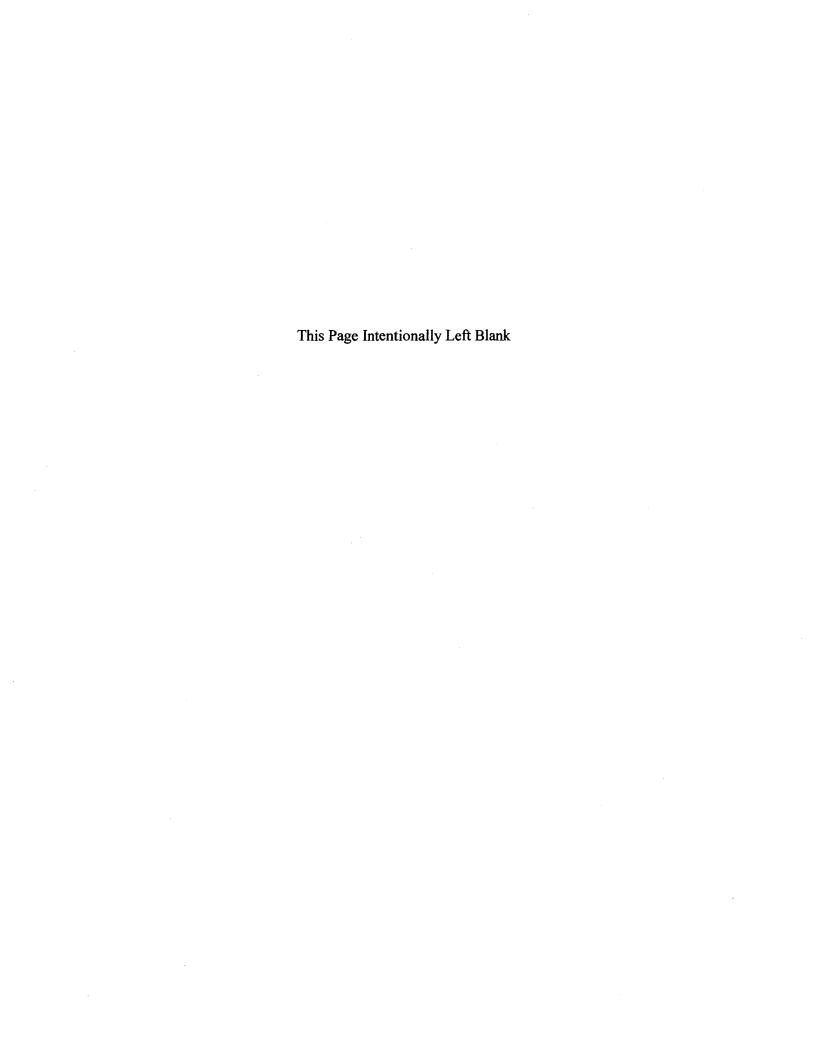
RECONCILIATION TO REVENUE:

1 652
 1,653
\$ 281,838
\$



COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

Management Representation of Fiscal Affairs Required by Oregon Regulation



Management Representation of Fiscal Affairs Required by Oregon Regulation

Rainier Economic Development Council is subject to, and responsible for, compliance with various laws, rules, and regulations relating to its operation and finances. Among such laws, rules, and regulations are the requirements prescribed in Municipal Audit Law (ORS Chapter 297) and the Minimum Standards for Review of Oregon Municipal Corporations (OAR 162, division 40) including, but not limited to:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- · Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts, purchasing, and improvements (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).

The directors of Rainier Economic Development Council are aware of the requirements of Oregon laws and administrative rules concerning each of the above requirements and have complied, in all material respects, with such requirements, for the year ended June 30, 2018. Further, we are not aware of any violations or possible violations of laws, rules, or regulations, whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency.

Stoven C. Massey Treasurer
Title

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